

SPAR Lab



## NONDESTRUCTIVE TESTING AND EVALUATION

### Acoustic Emission (AE)

• AE is the sound waves produced when a material undergoes stress (internal change) as a result of an external force. The 32-Channel Micro-II AE System is designed to monitor the AE signals.

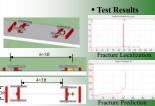




#### **Cable Tension Test**

Objective: to locate and predict the exact fracture location during tension tests





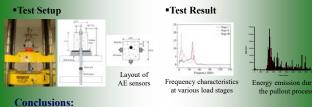
#### **Conclusions:**

1) The AE system can locate the source of fracture with good accuracy

2) The yielding process is captured as a pre-cursor for fracture.

# **Pullout Test of Corroded RC Specimens**

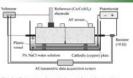
Objective: to study the AE signal characteristics during the pullout process



- Various load stages are identified by different frequency characteristics of AE
  The AE energy release over time corresponds to the load-induced slip process
- giving good failure prediction and pullout process evaluation.The characteristic frequencies of corroded and uncorroded specimens are quit different. Their comparison gives a reliable indication of corrosion.

## **AE** Applications in Civil Engineering

- Corrosion Monitoring
- Fatigue and Impact
- Bridge Monitoring
- Weld Monitoring
- Concrete Cracking





### Laser Vibrometer

• Laser Vibrometer RSV-150 is designed for point-andshoot monitoring and structural dynamics testing from a distance. It is a noncontact test method that can be rapidly set up for field applications.



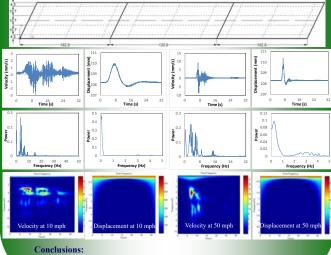
#### In-situ Testing of a Three-span Continuous Prestressed Concrete Box-girder Bridge

#### **Objectives:**

To quantify the dynamic impact factor associated with the driving speed of a truck by measuring the time histories of velocity and displacement.
 To evaluate the structural condition of the bridge



with frequency features extracted from the vibration.



The laser vibrometer can measure the time history of vibration.
 The frequency features can be obtained from the time history data.

# Potential Applications of Laser

# Vibrometer in Civil Engineering

- Elevated structures: bridges, high-rise buildings, towers, and water tanks.
- Structures in high temperature environment: furnaces, steam pipes, and nuclear reactors
- Structures in hazardous environment: high-voltage switchers/stations and waste treatment plants/facilities.



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